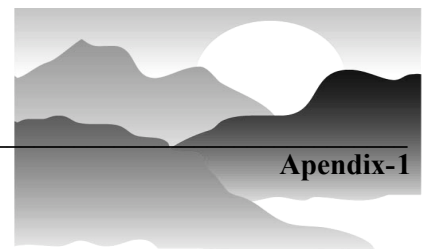


Table of Contents

Equipment

| | |
|---|------|
| Anesthetic Equipment - General Maintenance Schedule | 1-1 |
| Anesthetic Machine - Detailed Inspection..... | 1-2 |
| The Anesthetic Machine - Weekly Cleaning Schedule..... | 1-2 |
| Cleaning of Anesthetic Equipment After Use on Patients With Contagious Disease..... | 1-3 |
| ETT, Face Mask, Breathing Hose and Reservoir Bag Cleaning..... | 1-3 |
| ETT Selection | 1-4 |
| Reservoir Bag Size Selection..... | 1-5 |
| The CO2 Absorber Canister and Granules | 1-5 |
| Choosing a Breathing Circuit | 1-6 |
| The Pediatric Circle Breathing System..... | 1-6 |
| The Universal F Breathing System..... | 1-7 |
| Circle Breathing System Low Pressure Leak Testing Procedure | 1-8 |
| Non-Rebreathing Circuit Leak Testing Procedure | 1-9 |
| Universal Negative Pressure Leak Testing Procedure | 1-10 |
| Anesthetic Machine High Pressure Leak Testing Procedure..... | 1-10 |
| Function and Leak Testing the Ventilator | 1-11 |
| Anesthetic Delivery Check List..... | 1-12 |
| The Pulse Oximeter | 1-13 |
| The ECG | 1-14 |
| The Esophageal ECG Lead..... | 1-14 |
| Esophageal ECG Lead Construction | 1-15 |
| Esophageal Stethoscope..... | 1-16 |
| Thermometers | 1-16 |
| Respiratory Monitors..... | 1-16 |
| The Doppler Blood Pressure Monitor..... | 1-17 |
| Oscillometric Blood Pressure Monitors | 1-19 |
| Direct Arterial Blood Pressure Monitoring..... | 1-20 |
| Steps for Direct Mean Arterial Blood Pressure Measurement | 1-21 |
| The Capnograph..... | 1-23 |
| Building a Passive Scavenging System..... | 1-25 |
| Buying an Anesthetic Machine..... | 1-28 |



General Guidelines

| | |
|---|------|
| Inducing Anesthesia | 2-1 |
| Inducing Anesthesia with IV Pentothal..... | 2-1 |
| Inducing Anesthesia with IV Pentothal and Diazepam..... | 2-2 |
| Inducing Anesthesia with IV Propofol Method I..... | 2-2 |
| Inducing Anesthesia with IV Propofol Method II | 2-2 |
| Inducing Anesthesia with IV Propofol and Diazepam..... | 2-3 |
| Inducing Anesthesia with IV Propofol and Ketamine | 2-3 |
| Inducing Anesthesia with IV Ketamine and Diazepam or Midazolam..... | 2-4 |
| Inducing Anesthesia with IV Fentanyl and Diazepam or Midazolam (Canine Only)..... | 2-5 |
| Oxygen Flow Rates | 2-6 |
| Impact of Oxygen Flow Rate on Inhalant Anesthetic Delivery | 2-6 |
| Nitrous Oxide Flow Rates | 2-7 |
| Monitoring Depth of Anesthesia..... | 2-8 |
| Using a Ventilator | 2-9 |
| Manual Intermittent Positive Pressure Ventilation (IPPV)..... | 2-10 |
| Managing the Ventilated Patient | 2-11 |
| Weaning a Patient off IPPV | 2-12 |
| Patient Positioning Check List | 2-12 |
| Assimilating Isoflurane into Your Practice | 2-13 |
| Assimilating Sevoflurane into Your Practice | 2-13 |
| Guidelines for Reducing Occupational Exposure to Waste Anesthetic Gas | 2-14 |
| Mask Induction Technique | 2-15 |
| Feline Balanced Anesthesia Technique..... | 2-16 |
| Canine Balanced Anesthesia Technique | 2-16 |
| Post Anesthesia Nasal Oxygen Supplementation for Dogs and Cats | 2-17 |
| Low Flow Anesthesia | 2-19 |
| Fluid Therapy During Anesthesia..... | 2-20 |
| Canine Blood and Colloid Therapy During Anesthesia..... | 2-21 |
| Feline Blood and Colloid Therapy During Anesthesia..... | 2-22 |

Protocols

| | |
|---|------|
| Glossary of abbreviations | 3-1 |
| An Approach to Safe Small Animal Anesthesia | 3-2 |
| Anesthesia for Sight Hounds | 3-5 |
| Anesthesia for the Cat with Controlled Hyperthyroidism | 3-7 |
| Anesthesia for the Cat with Uncontrolled Hyperthyroidism | 3-10 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Mitral Valve Disease | 3-12 |
| Anesthesia for the Stable Patient with Trauma | 3-14 |
| Anesthesia for Brachycephalic Breeds | 3-17 |
| Anesthesia for Dogs with Gastric Dilation and Volvulus (GDV) | 3-19 |
| General Anesthesia for Elective Canine Caesarian Section | 3-22 |
| Anesthesia for Emergency Canine Caesarian Section | 3-25 |
| Anesthesia for Emergency Canine Caesarian Section | 3-25 |
| Post-Caesarian Resuscitation of Newborn Puppies and Kittens | 3-28 |
| Anesthesia for Healthy Puppies and Kittens Under 8 weeks of Age | 3-29 |
| Anesthesia for Puppies and Kittens 8 to 16 Weeks of Age | 3-31 |
| Anesthesia for the Cat with Lower Airway Disease | 3-33 |
| Anesthesia for the Healthy Pot Bellied Pig | 3-35 |
| Anesthesia for Healthy Cage Birds | 3-37 |
| Anesthesia for Canine Diaphragmatic Hernia Repair | 3-40 |
| Anesthesia for Healthy Rabbits | 3-43 |
| Anesthesia for Fractious Cats | 3-46 |
| Anesthesia for the Diabetic Cat | 3-48 |
| Anesthesia for the Healthy Adult Cat | 3-50 |
| Anesthesia for the Cat with Chronic Renal Insufficiency | 3-52 |
| Anesthesia for the Cat with Urethral Obstruction | 3-55 |
| Anesthesia for the Healthy Geriatric Cat | 3-58 |
| Anesthesia for Feline Diaphragmatic Hernia Repair | 3-60 |
| Anesthesia for the Obese Dog or Cat | 3-64 |
| Anesthesia for Aggressive Dogs | 3-65 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog or Cat Undergoing Myelography | 3-67 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog or Cat Undergoing CSF Tap | 3-69 |
| Anesthesia for Dogs and Cats with Known Seizure Disorders | 3-72 |
| Anesthesia for Canine Dentistry and Oral Surgery | 3-74 |
| Anesthesia for Feline Dentistry and Oral Surgery | 3-77 |
| Anesthesia for the Stable Cat or Dog with Head Trauma | 3-80 |
| Anesthesia for the Healthy Geriatric Dog | 3-83 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Chronic Renal Insufficiency | 3-85 |
| Anesthesia for the Diabetic Dog | 3-87 |
| Anesthesia for the Cat with Hepatic Lipidosis | 3-89 |
| Anesthesia for the Cat with Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy (HCM) | 3-91 |
| Anesthesia for Feline Chest Tube Placement | 3-93 |
| Anesthesia for Canine Chest Tube Placement | 3-96 |
| Anesthesia for Feline Exploratory Laparotomy | 3-98 |

Protocols (Cont'd)

| | |
|---|-------|
| Anesthesia for Feline Bronchoscopy | 3-101 |
| Anesthesia for the Septic Cat1 | 3-103 |
| Anesthesia for the Healthy Ferret | 3-104 |
| Anesthesia for the Healthy Ferret | 3-105 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Hypothyroidism | 3-106 |
| Anesthesia for Canine and Feline Ophthalmic Surgery | 3-107 |
| Use of Muscle Relaxants in Ophthalmic Anesthesia of the Dog and | 3-110 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Hepatic Disease | 3-112 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Addison's Disease | 3-114 |
| Anesthesia for Canine Upper GI Endoscopy | 3-115 |
| Anesthesia for Canine Exploratory Laparotomy | 3-117 |
| Anesthesia for Canine Bronchoscopy | 3-120 |
| Anesthesia for the Septic Dog | 3-122 |
| Ketamine CRI can be used to supplement opioid CRI or fentanyl patch | 3-123 |
| Chemical Restraint for Canine Radiography | 3-124 |
| Chemical Restraint for Canine Cardiac Ultrasound | 3-125 |
| Chemical Restraint for Feline Cardiac Ultrasound | 3-125 |
| Anesthesia for the Bleeding Dog | 3-126 |
| Anesthesia for the Bleeding Cat | 3-129 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Pneumothorax | 3-131 |
| Anesthesia for the Cat with Pneumothorax | 3-134 |
| Anesthesia for Canine Broncho Alveolar Lavage | 3-137 |
| Anesthesia for Feline Broncho Alveolar Lavage | 3-139 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Heartworm Disease | 3-141 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Collapsing Trachea | 3-143 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Pyometra | 3-145 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog with Cushing's Disease | 3-147 |
| Anesthesia for the Dog or Cat Undergoing MRI Scan | 3-150 |
| Hospital Admission Questionnaire | 3-152 |

Troubleshooting

| | |
|---|------|
| Intervention Guidelines During Anesthesia..... | 4-1 |
| Patient Will Not Go To Sleep | 4-2 |
| Patient Has Post-Anesthesia Airway Obstruction..... | 4-4 |
| Patient is Bradycardic..... | 4-6 |
| Intra-operative CPR..... | 4-9 |
| CPR Technique | 4-10 |
| After Successful CPR | 4-12 |
| Patient is Hypotensive | 4-13 |
| Patient Is Hypoventilating..... | 4-17 |
| Patient Is Hypoxemic..... | 4-18 |
| Pulse Oximeter is Reading Low | 4-19 |
| Patient is Moving During Anesthesia | 4-20 |
| Patient has Increased Breathing Effort | 4-21 |
| Patient is Hypothermic..... | 4-22 |
| Patient is Tachycardic | 4-23 |
| Patient has Premature Ventricular Contractions (PVC's)..... | 4-25 |
| Patient is Hyperthermic | 4-28 |
| Interpreting an Abnormal Capnograph Display | 4-29 |

Anesthesia Drugs

| | |
|----------------------------------|------|
| Acepromazine..... | 5-1 |
| Acetaminophen..... | 5-2 |
| Atipamazole..... | 5-3 |
| Atracurium..... | 5-4 |
| Atropine | 5-5 |
| Atropine VS. Glycopyrrolate..... | 5-6 |
| Buprenorphine | 5-7 |
| Butorphanol | 5-8 |
| Carprofen..... | 5-9 |
| Codeine..... | 5-10 |
| Diazepam | 5-11 |
| Dopamine..... | 5-12 |
| Dopamine CRI Recipe..... | 5-13 |
| Ephedrine..... | 5-14 |
| Epinephrin..... | 5-15 |
| Esmolol..... | 5-16 |
| Etomidate..... | 5-17 |
| Fentanyl..... | 5-18 |
| Fentanyl Transdermal Patch | 5-19 |
| Glycopyrrolate..... | 5-20 |
| Hydromorphone..... | 5-21 |
| Isoflurane..... | 5-22 |
| Ketamine..... | 5-24 |
| Lidocaine | 5-25 |

Anesthesia Drugs (Cont'd)

| | |
|---|------|
| Medetomidine..... | 5-27 |
| Meloxicam..... | 5-31 |
| Meperidine..... | 5-32 |
| Midazolam..... | 5-33 |
| Morphine..... | 5-34 |
| Naloxone..... | 5-35 |
| Neostigmine..... | 5-36 |
| Nitroprusside..... | 5-37 |
| Nitrous Oxide..... | 5-38 |
| Oxymorphone..... | 5-39 |
| Pentothal (thiopental)..... | 5-40 |
| Phenylephrine..... | 5-42 |
| Procainamide..... | 5-43 |
| Propofol..... | 5-45 |
| Sevoflurane..... | 5-47 |
| Telazol (Tiletamine and zolazepam combination)..... | 5-48 |
| Tolfenamic Acid..... | 5-49 |

Pain Control

| | |
|--|------|
| Assessing Feline Surgical Pain..... | 6-1 |
| Assessing Canine Surgical Pain..... | 6-3 |
| Strategies for Effective Peri-operative Pain Management..... | 6-5 |
| Peri-operative Pain Management Protocols..... | 6-6 |
| Surgical Pain Control Flowcharts..... | 6-8 |
| Surgical Pain Treatment Options..... | 6-11 |
| Regional Analgesia Options..... | 6-27 |
| Epidural Analgesia in the Dog and Cat..... | 6-28 |
| Epidural Analgesia Flowchart..... | 6-30 |
| Epidural Morphine Analgesia..... | 6-31 |
| CALCULATING EPIDURAL DRUG DOSES- Morphine..... | 6-32 |
| Epidural Lidocaine Analgesia..... | 6-33 |
| CALCULATING EPIDURAL DRUG DOSES-Lidocaine..... | 6-34 |
| Epidural Bupivacaine Analgesia..... | 6-35 |
| CALCULATING EPIDURAL DRUG DOSES- Bupivacaine..... | 6-36 |
| Epidural Morphine and Lidocaine Analgesia..... | 6-37 |
| CALCULATING EPIDURAL DRUG DOSES-Morphine and Lidocaine..... | 6-38 |
| Epidural Morphine and Bupivacaine..... | 6-39 |
| CALCULATING EPIDURAL DRUG DOSES- Morphine and Bupivacaine..... | 6-40 |
| Intercostal Nerve Blocks in Dogs and Cats..... | 6-41 |
| Oral Regional Analgesia..... | 6-42 |
| Infraorbital Nerve Block..... | 6-43 |
| Maxillary Nerve Block..... | 6-44 |
| Mandibular Nerve Block..... | 6-45 |
| Mental Nerve Block..... | 6-46 |

Pain Control

| | |
|--|------|
| IV Regional Anesthesia (Bier block)..... | 6-47 |
| Brachial Plexus Nerve Block..... | 6-48 |
| Metacarpal Ring Block..... | 6-49 |
| Intra-articular Infusion..... | 6-50 |
| Intra thoracic Infusion..... | 6-51 |
| Analgesic Constant Rate Infusion (CRI) Recipes | 6-52 |
| Ketamine CRI Recipe..... | 6-53 |
| Ketamine and Morphine CRI Recipe..... | 6-54 |
| Ketamine Morphine and Lidocaine CRI Recipe..... | 6-55 |
| Feline Fentanyl CRI Recipe..... | 6-56 |
| Feline Hydromorphone CRI Recipe | 6-57 |
| Canine Fentanyl CRI Recipe | 6-58 |
| Canine Hydromorphone CRI Recipe..... | 6-59 |